

Viktoriia Svyrydenko, Spring 2025



Matt Inkpen, Spring 2025



Rivin Hewage, Spring 2025



Leon Pacanan, Spring 2025



Cristian Inoue Iguchi, Spring 2025



Kurt Gillis, Spring 2025



Gabriel Correia, Spring 2025



Adi Sethi, Spring 2025

Expressive clay portrait

___/10 Idea development

___/10 Feedback

Criteria for your finished clay portrait:

Realistic proportion and detail: Your portrait is clearly recognizable and is highly detailed with correct shapes and sizes.

Clay technique: The sculpture is well-crafted, has excellent texture, is strong, and will not break or explode.

Emotional expression: A specific emotion is clearly expressed in the portrait. This emotion is clearly communicated across the whole of the face.

Building your expressive clay portrait step by step

Contempt Derision Confusion Anger Disgust Surprise Sadness Fear





2 Divide your clay in half.





4 Paddle the sphere into an egg shape.

3 Create a hollow sphere.



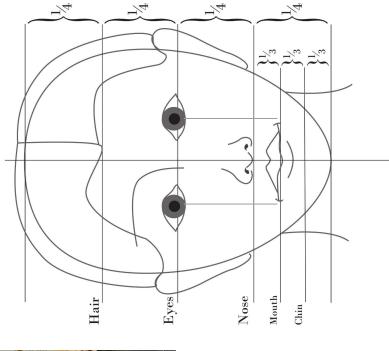
5 Mark out the general proportions.



6 Add the features.

Building your expressive clay portrait step by step











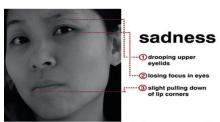




10 Add hair to your sculpture.

11 Discreetly puncture it so it won't explode.

Skill builders Expressive Faces





contempt









1.Contempt: lifted brows, upper lip lifted. How to cause this: it's enough just to wipe the sweat off your head with a tip



2.Controlled anger: tightly shut lips, flared nostrils, eyes squinting slightly. How to cause this: Find a photo album with your ex-wife photos and put it in a prominent place.



3.Fear:
eyes open wide,
eyebrows slightly raised
comers of the mouth are
pointing downward.
How to cause this:
Pick up the phone and say:
"Hey Wolfgang!
I heard you and your brother
have no place to live?



4. Sarcastic Smile mouth half-open, eyes slightly squinting. How to cause this: Going out with your buddies, promise to be home at 9 pm.



5. Obligatory Smile mouth corners are pointing in different directions, in a lopsided smile. How to cause this: Invite your boss to



6. Derision
lips shut, eyes squinting
How to cause this:
Refuse to pay extra
\$100 for a hotel room
with a better view



7. Asking nicely: lifted eyebrows, trembling chin How to cause this: Promise something, then change your mind.



8. Pleading: wrinkled forehead, lips slightly open, eyes wet. How to cause this: Again promise her something, (see previous), and then change your mind again.



9.Baffled Anger one eye squinted, jaw put forward. How to cause this: when you team wins, go to bed dressed in it's colors.



10.Confusion: eyes open wide, mouth slightly open. How to cause this: get a tattoo with a



11.Deep Hatred all face muscles are frozen as in a mask. How to cause this: Say that her new dress is good, but your secretary's dress is better



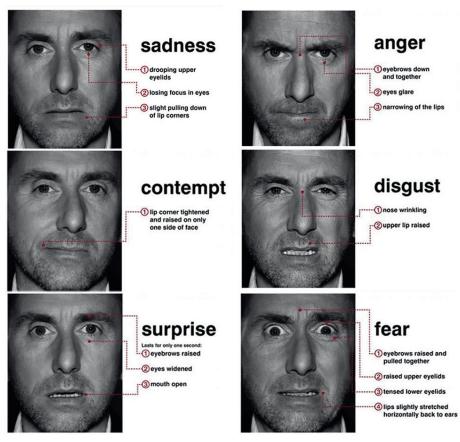
12. Humble Submission. mouth is closed, one eyebrow slightly raised. How to cause this: As yet unknown.





Once upon a time, you simply wanted to make a portrait look right. Now it is time to use your skills to express emotion. Make expressive shaded drawings in your sketchbook.



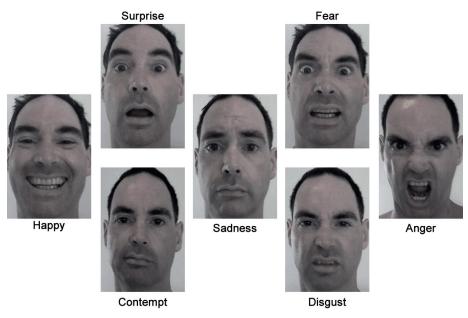






Video: We have only four facial expressions!

The Seven Universal Facial Expressions of Emotion



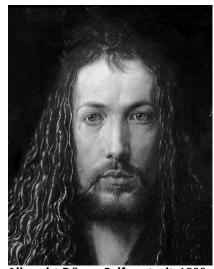
www.MicroExpressions.co.nz, www.facebook.com/sdlmicroexpressions & www.StuDunn.com



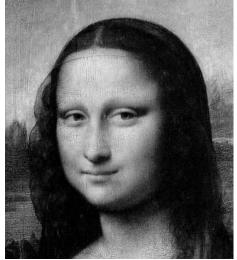
Édouard Manet, Olympia, 1863



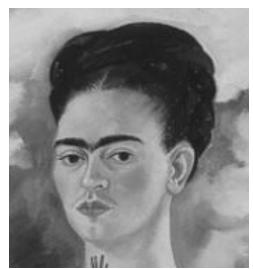
Johannes Vermeer, *Girl with a Pearl Earring*, c 1665



Albrecht Dürer, Self-portrait, 1500



Leonardo da Vinci, *Mona Lisa*, c. 1503–1506



Frida Kahlo, *The Two Fridas*, 1939



Unknown, *Head of Constantine*, circa 315

Portraits from art history



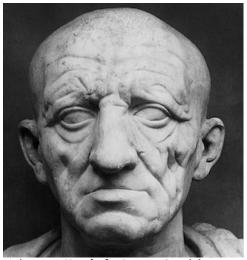
Roy Lichtenstein, In the Car, 1963



Rembrandt, Self-Portrait with Two Circles, c. 1665-1669



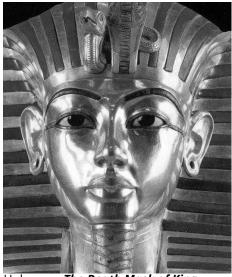
Jan van Eyck, *The Arnolfini Portrait*, 1434



Unknown, *Head of a Roman Patrician* (Cato the Elder), 75-50 BC



Myron, *Discobolus*, circa 450 BC



Unknown, *The Death Mask of King Tutankhamen*, 1320 BC



Jean-Auguste-Dominique Ingres, Princesse de Broglie, 1851–53



Edvard Munch, *The Scream of Nature*, 1893



Jeff Koons, Rabbit, 1986



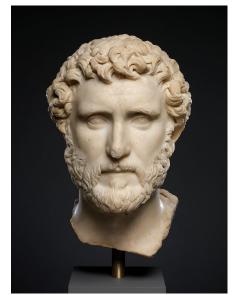
Otto Dix, Portrait of the Journalist Sylvia Von Harden, 1926



Édouard Manet, *A Bar at the Folies-Bergère*, 1881-82



After Leochares, *Apollo Belvedere*, white marble, 120–140 CE.



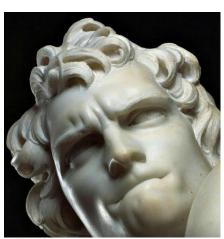
Marble portrait of the emperor Antoninus Pius, ca. 138–161 CE.



Unknown German artist, *Head of an Apostle*, ca. 1280–1300.



Michelangelo (Italy), *David*, 1501–1504. White marble.

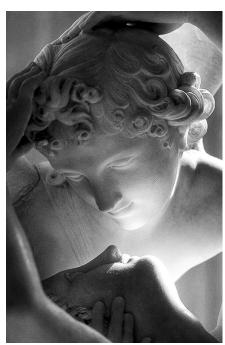


Gian Lorenzo Bernini (Italy), *David*, 1623–24.



Harriet Goodhue Hosmer (US), *Daphne*, 1853, carved 1854.





Antonio Canova (Italian), *Psyche Revived by Cupid's Kiss*, 1787–1793.



Edgar Degas (France), *Little Dancer, Aged Fourteen*, 1878-1881.

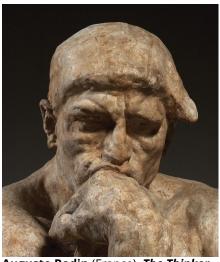
from



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (German), Expressionist wooden sculpture.



Jacques Lipchitz (US), *Man with Mandolin*, 1916–17.



Auguste Rodin (France), *The Thinker*, 1878-1881.



Constantin Brâncuşi, *Portrait of Mademoiselle Pogany*, 1912.



Salvador Dalí (Spain), *Venus de Milo with Drawers*, 1936.

Art History



Raoul Hausmann (Austria), *The Spirit of Our Time – Mechanical Head*, 1919.



Roy Lichtenstein (US), *Head With Blue Shadow*, 1965.

Expressive clay portrait evaluation

Realistic proportion and detail

The sculpted portrait shows the correct shapes and sizes of the face of a specific person. The person is clearly recognizable and is highly detailed.

Clay technique

The sculpture is well-crafted, with excellent skin and hair texture. As well, it is strong without being thick and heavy, and does not present a risk of breaking or exploding.

Emotional expression

A specific emotion is clearly expressed in the portrait, and this expression is clearly communicated across the whole of the face.

Idea Development

1 **Generate ideas**

maximum of 50%

Use lists, a web map, or simple drawings to come up with a LOT of ideas! If you already have an idea in mind, choose that as your central theme and expand upon it. Let your ideas wander - one idea leads to another. Drawings can be details of source images, different viewpoints, textures, technical experiments, etc.

Number of **words** \rightarrow ____ × 1% = ___%

Number of **sketches** \rightarrow ____ \times 3% = ____%

2 Select the best and join together ideas

Circle the best ideas circled = 0.5%Link into groups of ideas linked = 0.5%

3 **Print reference images**

- Print EIGHT reference images so you can accurately observe the challenging parts of your artwork. Taking your and using own photographs is preferred, but image searches are also fine.
- **Do not simply copy a picture that you find.** The idea is to edit and combine source images to create your own artwork. If you simply copy a picture, you are plagiarizing and will earn a zero for your idea generation and any criteria involving creativity in your final artwork.
- Up to half of your pictures may be of drawings, paintings, or other artworks of others to use as inspiration. The other images must be realistic photographs.
- You must hand in the **printed** copy of the images to earn the marks.

____ images x 5% = ____% maximum of 8 images

4 Rough copy

- Take the best ideas from your thumbnails and combine them into an improved rough copy.
- Use this to work out the bugs and improve your skills before you start the real thing.
- $\circ \hspace{0.5cm}$ If you are using colour, use paint or coloured pencil to show your colour scheme.
- Draw in a frame to show the outer edges of your artwork.
- Remember to choose a non-central composition.

____ drawing x 25% = ____% great quality or better

Total = %





Brooklyn Webber, Spring 2025



Bible Omod, 2022-23



Lily Sin, 2022-23



Gabriel Espinoza, 2022-23



Andrew O'Neil Santiago, 2022-23



Daisha Farmer, 2022-23



Cat Creech, Spring 2025



Seth Bennett-Crundwell, 2022-23



Kalousi Nacro Garo, Spring 2025



Avery Myette, 2022-23



Tia Eshetu, 2022-23